

Operating manual

pH-Meter waterproof

G 1500



Please carefully read these instructions

- Please consider the safety instructions!
- Made in Germany WEEE-Reg.-Nr. DE 93889386
- Please keep for future reference!

GHM Messtechnik GmbH • Standort Greisinger



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before use!

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1 General note

Read through this document attentively and make yourself familiar to the operation of the device before you use it. Keep this document in a ready-to-hand way in order to be able to look up in the case of doubt.

2 Safety

2.1 Intended Use

The device is designed for measuring the pH value by means of suitable electrodes.

It is equipped with a BNC connector for connecting different pH electrodes. The choice of a suitable electrode allows the device to be used in diverse applications.

Personnel which starts up, operates and maintains the device has to have sufficient knowledge of the measuring procedure and the meaning of the resulting measured values, this manual delivers a valuable help for this. The instructions of the manual have to be understood, regarded and followed.

The manufacturer will assume no liability or warranty in case of usage for other purpose than the intended one, ignoring this manual, operating by unqualified staff as well as unauthorized modifications to the device.

2.2 Safety signs and symbols

Warnings are labeled in this document with the followings signs:



Caution! This symbol warns of imminent danger, death, serious injuries and significant damage to property at non-observance.



Attention! This symbol warns of possible dangers or dangerous situations which can provoke damage to the device or environment at non-observance.



Note! This symbol point out processes which can indirectly influence operation, possibly cause incorrect measurement or provoke unforeseen reactions at non-observance.

2.3 Safety guidelines

This device has been designed and tested in accordance with the safety regulations for electronic devices.

However, its trouble-free operation and reliability cannot be guaranteed unless the standard safety measures and special safety advises given in this manual will be adhered to when using the device.

1. Trouble-free operation and reliability of the device can only be guaranteed if the device is not subjected to any other climatic conditions than those stated under chapter 14 Specification.



If there is a risk whatsoever involved in running it, the device has to be switched off immediately and to be marked accordingly to avoid restarting.

Operator safety may be a risk if:

- there is visible damage to the device
- the device is not working as specified

- the device has been stored under unsuitable conditions for a longer time.

In case of doubt, please return device to manufacturer for repair or maintenance.



Do not use these products as safety or emergency stop devices or in any other application where failure of the product could result in personal injury or material damage.

Failure to comply with these instructions could result in death or serious injury and material damage.



This device must not be used at potentially explosive areas! The usage of this device at potentially explosive areas increases danger of deflagration, explosion or fire due to sparking.



5.

The electrodes contain 3 mol/l KCl or 1 mol/l KNO₃.

First aid measures

If swallowed:

In case of contact with skin: In case of contact with eyes: wash off with plenty of water rinse with plenty of water while holding the eyelid open and consult an eye doctor, if necessary. drink plenty of water. In case of nausea, consult a doctor.



This device is not constructed for use in medical applications.



Electrodes for measuring the pH value (including those with a plastic shaft) consist partly of glass, which can cause injuries if broken. Especially when used for measuring foods there is a danger of damage to the electrode.

Therefore, always observe the following:

- Check the electrode for damage before and after every measurement.
- When measuring foods, always use small samples for the measurement and discard afterwards.

Product description 3

3.1 Scope of delivery

The scope of supply includes:

- Device with 2 batteries type AA
- Electrode for measuring the pH value (not G 1500-GL)
- Operating Manual
- Calibration protocol

3.2 Operating and Maintenance

1. Battery operation:

If the battery has been used up and needs to be replaced, the empty frame of the battery symbol starts blinking. The device will, however, continue operating correctly for a certain time.

The battery has been completely used up, if 'bAt' is shown in the main display. Battery replacement: (see chapter 10 Replacing batteries).



The battery has to be removed, when storing device above 50°C. We recommend taking out the batteries if device is not used for a ATTENTION longer period of time.

- 2. Treat device and probes carefully. Use only in accordance with above specification. (do not throw, hit against etc.). Protect plug and socket from soiling.
- 3. The pH electrode should be kept moist to prevent the membrane from drying out. We recommend storage in 3 mol/I KCI (our type: KCL 3 M, with the exception of GE 103). Extended storage in distilled or deionised water will result in depletion of the reference electrolytes.
- 4. The electrode should be stored in a dry area at a temperature between 10 °C and 30 °C. Below -5 °C the electrolytes can freeze, which will destroy the electrode.
- 5. The pH electrode that is included (not G 1500-GL) should be inserted at an angle of 90°±45° from the horizontal. This also applies to many other electrodes. For more information, consult the respective operating manual.

4 **Operation**

4.1 Display elements

	1 Batte	ery symbol:	Rating of battery state	
	2 Unit	display:	Measured value units with stability indicator (is displayed until the measurement is stable, inner segments rotate) or display for "min/max/hold"	
	Main	display:	Current pH Value or value "min/max/hold"	
Uisplay "segment test"	Auxi	liary display	<i>r</i> : Corresponding temperature	
mph mph	— 4		value (to the value shown on the main display) with unit	
Display "unstable"	—5 no fu	Inction		
4.2 Pushbuttons				
	к	ey on/off, ba	acklight	
	р	ress shortly:	switch on device	
			switch on/off backlight	
	() p	ress long:	switch off device	
pH-Meter		n the menu:		
	р	ress long:	discard changes,	
			device is switched off	
	F	unction key	: bald and for any management	
PH	р	ress shortly:	noid and freeze measured value	
475	р	ress long:	invoke menu	
		n the display	"The saved value":	
25	P	ress shortly:	return to the measured value display	
	lr	n the menu:		
	р	ress shortly:	select next parameter	
OGREISINGER	р	ress long:	save settings,	
	ĸ	evs up/dow	n:	
	D	ress shortly:	indicated value "min. or	
		,	max"	
	p	ress long:	reset the "min-, / max-"value	
うだう		the menu	(to current measuring value)	
251		hange the se	lected current parameter	
2° , 7 , 6				
Overhead-display	Turn display ("Overhead-display") press both keys until display is turned (orientation will be saved)			

4.3 Connections

BNC socket:

connection for electrode

Usage of BNC plug:

Lock/ unlock with turnable ring at cable socket





Protect contacts from soiling and moisture!

The connections are only waterproofed when a plug declared as waterproof is connected.

5 Start operation

Be sure that suitable batteries are inserted (see chapter 10 Replacing batteries). Turn device on via key "on/off".

After segment test the device displays some information about his configuration in the "auxiliary display":

- **PoFF** If "auto-power-off" is active after the set time the instrument is switched off if no key is pressed (see chapter 7 Configuration).
- **LAL** If there is no valid calibration >*L***A***L*< flashes on the unit display.



The device must be calibrated to the electrode prior to starting the measurement. (see chapter 8 Calibration of the pH measurement) If the electrode is replaced, the device must be recalibrated.

After that the device is ready for measuring.

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6 Basics of the measurement

6.1 pH measurement

The pH value describes the acidic or alkaline behaviour of an aqueous solution. pH values below 7 are acidic (smaller values indicate higher acidity), and values above 7 are alkaline; pH 7 = neutral.

To determine the pH value of a solution, it should always be recorded together with the measuring temperature, for example: pH 5.87; 23.0 °C.

The reason: Most liquids change their pH value with the temperature.

The pH measurement is very precise, but also sensitive. The measured signals are very weak (high-ohmic), especially when measured in weak or low-ion media. Therefore, always take measures to

- avoid interference (electrostatic charges, etc.)
- keep plug contacts clean and dry
- prevent electrodes (except special waterproof versions) from extended immersion above the shaft
- calibrate the electrode at sufficient intervals (see below). The frequency of calibration can range from every hour to several weeks, depending on the electrode and the application.
- use a suitable electrode. See chapter 6.2.5

6.2 pH electrodes

6.2.1 Design

Generally, single-rod measuring chains are used, which means that all necessary components are integrated in a single electrode (including the reference electrode).

The diaphragm, which establishes a connection between the electrolyte and the liquid to be measured, can be designed in different ways. Clogging / soiling of the diaphragm is a frequent cause of a malfunctioning or sluggish electrode. Always handle the glass membrane with extreme care. This is where the "source layer" is formed, which is crucial for the measurement. To maintain this layer, the electrode must always be kept moist (see below).

6.2.2 pH electrode GE 114 WD

The electrode included in the scope of delivery of the G 1500 is a robust, low-maintenance gel electrode with an epoxy



shaft (Ø 12 mm x 120 mm), Pellon diaphragm and waterproof BNC connector. Area of use: pH 0 - 14 (temperature range 0 - 60°C, conductivity >200µS/cm)

The electrode is suitable for universal use (e.g. drinking water, surface water, swimming pools, aquariums, slightly dirty waste water).

A storage bottle is included with the pH electrode. Before conducting a measurement, remove the electrode from the bottle (by loosening the screw cap) and rinse with tap water.



Fig. with/without storage bottle

6.2.3 Care and maintenance



The **GAK 1400** maintenance and calibration set contains the products needed for calibration, care and maintenance of your electrode: 5 buffer capsules (**GPH 4,0**, **GPH 7,0**, **GPH 10,0**), 3 wide-mouth bottles **GPF 100**, storage solution **KCL 3 M**, cleaning solution **GRL 100**



Crystallisation of the 3 mol/l KCl solution (potassium chloride) is unavoidable! Crystallised potassium chloride on the protective cap and shaft can easily be removed with a fingernail or cloth and is therefore not a defect or grounds for complaint.

Dirty electrodes must be cleaned. Suitable cleaners for the pH glass membrane are listed in the table below.

Impurities	Cleaners
General residue	Mild detergent
Inorganic coatings	Commercially available liquid glass
	cleaners
Metal compounds	1 mol/I HCI solution or GRL 100
Oil, grease	Special cleaner or solvent (*
Biological coatings with protein	1% pepsin enzyme in 0.1 molar HCI
	solution (GRL 100)
Resin lignins	Acetone (*
Extremely resistant residues	Hydrogen peroxide, sodium hypochloride (*

Normal cleaning: Immerse for at least 5 minutes in **GRL 100** pepsin cleaning solution, then rinse with clean water

*) Check the material of the pH probe (plastic shafts, for example, cannot be cleaned with solvent). If in doubt, contact the manufacturer to inquire about suitable cleaners for the existing electrode.

This is also important in the case of aggressive substances or other substances that are not primarily water-based!

6.2.4 Further information

pH electrodes are wearing parts that must be replaced after exposure to chemical and mechanical influences if compliance with the required values is no longer possible even after careful cleaning and possibly regeneration, or if the signal is very sluggish. When using the electrodes, be aware that various substances in aqueous solutions can corrode glass and that chemicals can produce a chemical reaction with the KCI solution in the electrode, which can result in blockage of the diaphragm.

Examples:

- In solutions that contain proteins, such as for measurements in medical and biological applications, KCI can cause denaturation of the protein.
- Coagulated paints
- Solutions that contain high concentrations of silver ions

Substances that accumulate on the glass membrane or the diaphragm affect the measurement and must be removed regularly. This can be achieved for example with automatic cleaning systems.



Electrodes normally have a life of at least 8-10 months, which can usually be increased to more than 2 years with proper care. The actual life will vary depending on the particular application.

6.2.5 Choosing a pH electrode

The **GE 114 WD** (or other universal electrodes, such as **GE 100**) can be used for most applications. However, some areas of application require special electrodes:

- 1. Measurements in low-ion media (rainwater, aquarium water, de-ionised water): **GE 104 BNC** (from 20 μS/cm).
- 4. Soil analyses

Glass electrodes with more than one diaphragm (**GE 101 BNC**). Use an insertion mandrel!

- 5. Electroplating, certain paints and lacquers: **GE 151 BNC** glass electrode
- Cheese, fruit, meat Needle electrode (GE 101 BNC or GE 120 BNC). For measurements in cheese, milk and all products that contain proteins, the electrode must be cleaned with a special cleaner (pepsin solution - GRL 100)
- 7. Waste water: Glass electrode with ground diaphragm **GE 173 BNC**

7 Configuration



Some menu points depend on current device settings.

invoke	next	change parameter	confirm	discard
menu	parameter		settings	changes
>1s		press shortly: single step hold key: fast change	>1s	>1s

Press the "function key" long, until the menu is invoked and the first parameter is displayed (auxiliary display shows "5ELL").

Press the "function key" shortly to select the next parameter. The parameter can be changed by pressing the keys "up/down". After the last parameter or by pressing the "function key" long the settings will be confirmed and the menu exits. In order to discard changes switch off the instrument. When the device is switched on again it will start with the former configuration

When the value "YE5" is selected for the parameter "In the selector by pressing the "function key", the device will be reset to the factory settings.

If no key is pressed for more than two minutes the configuration will be aborted (display: "E.E.d"). Within the parameter "PH.oF" and "PH.5L" this timeout is not activated. All changes will be discarded!

(i)

At every menu item you can save the changes and close the menu by pressing and holding the function key (> 1s).

Param.	Werte	Bedeutung			
	Setting the temperature				
SEFF	-5 150 (*	Set the temperature used for temperature compensation			
	,	in °C (* or 23 302 °F			
	Setting the zero point				
	Display	Set the zero point for calibration of the pH measurement			
	current	(see chapter 8 Calibration of the pH measurement)			
PH.of	measure-	Note: if no calibration is necessary, do not change the			
	ment	parameter by pressing the Up/Down keys – continue with			
	value	function key			
	Setting the	e gradient			
	Display	Set the gradient for calibration of the pH measurement			
	current	(see chapter 8 Calibration of the pH measurement)			
ב.חק	measure-	Note: if no calibration is necessary, do not change the			
	ment	parameter by pressing the Up/Down keys – continue with			
	value	function key			
	Auto-power-off function				
	oFF	No auto-power-off			
Pott	<i>1</i> 5, 30, 60,	Automatically turn of device, when no key is pressed			
	120, 240	during the selected value (in minutes)			
	Backlight				
	oFF	Backlight disabled			
!. F E	<i>1</i> 5. 30. 60.	Automatically turn of backlight, when no key is pressed			
	120, 240	during the selected value (in seconds)			
	,	Backlight will not be turned off automatically			
	Temperature unit				
	° [Display temperature in °C			
	° F	Display temperature in °F			
	Restore fa	ctory settings			
	no	Keep current configuration			
	yes	Load factory settings (display: "In E donE")			

During menu exit, the changes are stored ("5 Lor") – if necessary the device will be restarted automatically.

8 Calibration of the pH measurement

Equipment needed:

- Reference: Buffer solution(s) (e.g. GPH ..., PHL ..., GAK 1400)
- Distilled or deionised water for rinsing the electrode
- Measuring device for determining the temperature of the buffer solution(s), if necessary

8.1 General information

To achieve a precise measurement, observe the following points:

- If possible, the calibration range should overlap the measuring range. To achieve this, it is recommended to use buffer solutions for measurements as follows: below pH 7: pH 7.0 and pH 4.0 above pH 7: pH 7.0 and pH 10.0
- Calibration should be conducted at the same temperature used for the measurement in the medium. To equalize the temperatures of the buffer solution(s) and electrode, they should be stored together for a while in a place that is protected against draught.
- Measure the temperature of the buffer solution(s) with a thermometer (e.g. G 1710). The exact value of the buffer solution(s) is temperature dependent and can be determined based on the tables provided.
- Always use fresh buffer solutions

We recommend that you always conduct a 2-point calibration.

Calibration is possible only in a temperature range of 0..60 °C.

8.2 Preparations

Connect the pH electrode to the device and switch on the device (the current measured value appears on the display).

If possible, do not hold the measuring device in your hand during the measurement (see chapter 6 Basics of the measurement

pH measurement). Carefully remove the protective cap from the electrode (Caution!! The cap contains 3 mol/l KCl).

Rinse the electrode with distilled or deionised water.

8.3 Conducting a 1-point calibration

Invoke the menu by pressing and holding the function key as described in chapter 7.

Enter the temperature of the buffer solution under "5ELL" and confirm by pressing the function key.

Place the electrode in the buffer solution (e.g. pH 7).



For a 1-point calibration, you can use any buffer solution; for a 2-point calibration you must use a buffer solution with a value between pH 6.75 and pH 7.25.

Wait until the display value is stable. Press the Up/Down key to set the display value to the value of the buffer solution (see chapter 13 Buffer solutions).

For a 2-point calibration, press the function key briefly to switch to the second calibration point. To conduct a 1-point calibration, confirm the entered value by pressing and holding the function key.

Rinse the electrode with distilled or deionised water.

8.4 Conducting a 2-point calibration

Conduct the offset equalization with a buffer solution (value between pH 6.75 and pH 7.25) as described in 8.3 "Conducting a 1-point calibration".



As the temperature in the device under "5ELL" enter the temperature of the solution used for equalization of the gradient (2nd point, not pH 7).

Place the electrode in the buffer solution (e.g. pH 4, pH 10). The buffer solution must have a value below pH 6 and above pH 8.



A gradient correction with buffer solutions between pH 6 and pH 8 is not possible. An attempt to change the values will result in "ERL Err.2 / ERL Err.3" and the change will be ignored.

Wait until the display value is stable. Press the Up/Down key to set the display value to the value of the buffer solution (see chapter 13 Buffer solutions).

Confirm the configured value by pressing the function key.

8.5 Completion of the calibration

After successful completion of a calibration the assessment of the electrode condition is displayed briefly in percent.

A low value can be the result of the age of the electrode, contaminated or old buffer solutions or impurities on the BNC connector.

If the calibration is not completed successfully an error message (*ERL Err.*) is displayed (see chapter 11.2 Error messages for calibration).

Confirm the error message by pressing the function key – the device will restart and the standard values for zero point and gradient are restored.

In the unit display >*L*< flashes to indicate the missing calibration.



If the calibration was carried out unattended, switch off the device by pressing and holding the On/Off button in order to use the values of the previously active calibration after restarting the device.



Display the electrode assessment of the currently active calibration: Invoke the menu by pressing and holding the function key as described in chapter 7. Press the function key to access the parameter "PK.OF". Close the menu by pressing and holding the function key (Do not change values) – the electrode assessment in percent is displayed ("----" if no valid data is available).

8.6 Calibration brief instruction

Rinse the electrode with distilled or deionised water before and after the electrode is placed into the buffer solution(s).



9 Accuracy check / adjustment service

You can send the device to the manufacturer for adjustment and inspection. Calibration certificate - DKD certificate - official certifications:

If the measuring instrument is supposed to receive a calibration certificate, it has to be sent to the manufacturer (declare test points, e. g. pH 4; pH 10).

If the device is certificated together with a suitable sensor very high overall accuracies are possible.

Basic settings can only be checked and – if necessary – corrected by the manufacturer.

A calibration protocol is enclosed to the device ex works. This documents the precision reached by the production process.

10 Replacing batteries



Before changing batteries, please read the following instruction and follow it step by step. Not following the instruction may cause harm to the instrument or the protection against ingress of water and dust may be lost! Avoid unnecessary opening of the instrument!

recommend using new and high quality alkaline batteries. The use of damaged or unsuitable batteries could lead to further heating,

Do not use different types or batteries with different state of charge. We

whereby the batteries can burst or in the worst case exploding.

Required tools: 1x Phillips screwdriver PH 1

- Unscrew the two screws (1) and remove the cover (2).
- Exchange the two batteries (type: AA) (3) carefully. Ensure correct polarity – the correct position of the batteries is drafted on the circuit board. The batteries must slide in without force.
- Check: O-ring seal (4) undamaged, clean and in the intended cavity? To make the assembly easier and prevent damage, a dry O-ring can be greased with suitable grease.
- Put on the cover (2) straightly. The device is starting automatically.
 Note: the O-ring (4) has to been in the cavity, when

Note: the O-ring (4) has to been in the cavity, when pushing on the cover (2),

• Tighten the screws (1).



11 Fault and System Messages

11.1 Error messages for measurement

	Description	What to do?
No display or confused	Battery empty	Replace battery (see chapter 10 Replacing batteries)
Device does not react on	System error	Open battery cover, wait briefly, close again (see chapter 10 Replacing batteries)
key press	Device defective	Return to manufacturer for repair
Err.i	Measured value above	Check: temperature not within sensor range?
	allowable range	-> measuring value to high!
	defective electrode	Return to manufacturer for repair
	Measured value below	Check: temperature not within sensor range?
Fre 2	allowable range	-> measuring value to low!
	defective electrode	Return to manufacturer for repair
כעכ	System error	Switch off the device and switch on again,
		check batteries - when the error remains
Err		return to manufacturer for repair
6AF Lo	battery is ultimately exhausted	(See chapter 10 Replacing batteries)

11.2 Error messages for calibration

	Description	What to do?	
>[AL<	An error occurred during the	Conduct a calibration (see chapter 8	
(flashes in unit display)	last calibration	Calibration of the pH measurement)	
	Neutral buffer not allowed		
Г ЯI	Incorrect buffer solution	Always use the neutral buffer as the first solution! (Exception: 1-point calibration)	
Eccl	Buffer solution is contaminated	Use fresh buffer solution	
<u> </u>	Electrode is defective	Clean the electrode and repeat calibration. If error occurs again -> replace electrode	
	Slope is too low		
[AL See 2	Buffer solution(s) contaminated	Use fresh buffer solutions	
	Electrode is defective	Replace electrode	
	Slope is too high		
ERL Err.3	Buffer solution(s) contaminated	Use fresh buffer solutions	
	Electrode is defective	Replace electrode	
ERL Incorrect calibration temperature		Calibration is possible only between 060°C	

12 Reshipment and disposal

12.1 Reshipment



All devices returned to the manufacturer have to be free of any residual of measuring media and other hazardous substances.



environment Use an adequate transport package for reshipment, especially for fully functional devices. Please make sure that the device is protected in the

Measuring residuals at housing or sensor may be a risk for persons or

package by enough packing materials. Add the completed reshipment form of the GHM website http://www.ghm-messtechnik.de/downloads/ghm-formulare.html.

12.2 Disposal



Dispense exhausted batteries at destined gathering places The device must not be disposed in the unsorted municipal waste! Send the device directly to us (sufficiently stamped), considering the above if it should be disposed. We will dispose the device appropriate and environmentally sound.

Private user can return the device at the municipal collection points for small electrical appliances.

13 Buffer solutions

How to prepare calibration buffers of standard GPH series (capsules)

- 1. Fill plastic bottle (GPF 100) with about 100 ml distilled water.
- 2. Open the capsule (e.g. **GPH 7,0**) carefully (turn one half of the capsule while pulling and make sure not to spill any of the powder) put content (including both capsule parts) into the bottle.

Make sure to prepare buffer solutions in time as they can only be used after at least 3 hours. Shake well before use.

GPH buffer capsules for 100 ml buffer solution

Capsules for do-it-yourself mixing – unopened capsules can be stored a long time (approx. 3 years)

T [°C]		10	20	25	30	40
GPH 4,0	(orange)	3.99	3.99	4.01	4.01	4.03
GPH 7,0	(green)	7.06	7.01	7.00	6.99	6.98
GPH 10,0	(blue)	10.18	10.06	10.01	9.97	9.89
GPH 12,0	(white)	12.35	12.14	12.00	11.89	11.71

PHL buffer solutions in dosing bottles 250 ml

Buffer solutions are ready for use, with dosing volume of 20 ml - 25 ml

		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
T [°C]		10	20	25	30	40
PHL 4,0	(red)	4.02	4.00	4.01	4.01	4.01
PHL 7,0	(green)	7.06	7.02	7.00	6.99	6.97
PHL 10,0	(blue)	10.18	10.07	10.01	9.97	9.89

14 Specification

Measuring range pH		0.00 … 14.00 pH			
Temperature compensation		-5 150 °C (bzw. 23 302 °F)			
Accuracy	pH (device)	± 0.02 pH ± 1 Digit			
Input resist	tance pH	approx. 10 ¹² Ohm			
Measuring	cycle	Approx. 2 measuring per second.			
Anschlüsse	ə pH	BNC Anschluss für pH-Elektrode			
Display		3-lines segment-LCD, additional symbols, illuminated			
		(white, lighting time adjustable)			
Additional	functions	Min/max/hold			
pH calibrat	ion	Manual 1- or 2-point calibration			
Housing		Break-proof ABS-housing			
-	Protection	IP65 / IP67 (only with waterproof characterized probes			
	class	at connected state).			
	dimensions	108 * 54 * 28 mm without BNC connector			
	L*B*H [mm]	130 g inc. battery without electrode			
	and weight	190 g inc. battery and electrode			
Working conditions		-20 to 50 °C; 0 to 95 % r.F. (shortly 100 % r.F.)			
Storage ter	mperature	-20 to 70 °C			
Power		2*AA-batteries (scope of delivery)			
supply	Power	Approx. 0.7 mA, with lighting approx. 2.5 mA			
	consumption/	Life time > 3000 hours for alkaline batteries (without			
	Battery life	backlight).			
	Battery indicator	4 state battery status display			
		Exchange notice if battery is low: "bRt"			
Auto-Powe	er-Off-Function	If activated, the device is switched off automatically			
Directives	and standards	The instruments confirm to following European			
		directives:			
		2014/30/EU EMV directives			
		2011/65/EU RoHS			
		Applied harmonized standards:			
		EN 61326-1:2013 emissions level: class B			
		emi immunity according to table 2			
		additional error: < 0.5 % FS			
		EN 50581:2012			
		The device is for the mebile explication or for the			
		stationary operation in the course of specified working			
		conditions without further restrictions construed.			